CHAIR WITH SWITCH CONTROLS FOR CHAIR CONTROL DIRECTORY

FIELD OF THE INVENTION

The present invention relates to a chair having moveable chair parts, controls for the moveable chair parts and a switch operated directory for operation of the chair part controls.

10 BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION.

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The most up to date office type chairs are becoming more and more sophisticated in respect of the different adjustments that can be made to these types of chairs. For example, both the chair back and the chair seat of an office chair may be adjustable to a number of different settings. Typically, each of these settings is adjusted by an individual chair control specific to each setting. All of the chair controls are generally located below the chair seat.

A particularly irritating drawback of the above described chair is that understanding of the use of the controls is often difficult. Much of the difficulty results from the positioning of the chair controls below the chair seat where they are not readily visibly accessible.

In view of the above, the operation of most chair controls is done on a trial and error basis by a person using the chair. That person, until having a full understanding of the chair, which generally comes only after extended chair usage, will try each control to determine its function. This can often be frustrating because the control may move a chair part which has already been set to an appropriate position and will then

need resetting which is sometimes, at the very least, an awkward thing to do. In some cases the person may not be able to properly reset the chair which is both frustrating and embarrassing. In even a worse case scenario, the adjustment of the chair part without knowing what will happen, can actually be dangerous. For example, if the seating tension on the chair is reset from a light to a much heavier spring tension, a light weight person sitting on the chair while doing the resetting can be thrown from the chair. Obviously, this is only one of many awkward situations that might be created by the trial and error testing of the chair controls.

15 SUMMARY OF THE PRESENT INVENTION

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The present invention relates to an advancement in chairs having multiple moving parts and controls for those parts in which a user of the chair is able to quickly and easily understand the operation of the chair controls without having to physically maneuver the controls.

More particularly, according to the present
invention a chair having multiple moving parts and
controls for those moving parts includes a chair control
directory which is in a more visibly accessible position
than the controls are to a person sitting in the chair.
The chair further includes control switches which, when
activated, operate to distinguish which particular set of
instructions on the directory pertains to each of the
controls without having to physically use the controls.

According to an aspect of the invention, each of the controls has a switch and the chair includes feedback means operated by each of the switches. The feedback

means upon activation of any one of the switches indicates which control has been selected for use and the directory provides a visual guide showing which chair part will be moved by the control that has been selected. This occurs without having to move the control itself.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

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The above as well as other advantages and features of the present invention will be described in greater detail according to the preferred embodiments of the present invention in which;

Figure 1 is a perspective view of an office type chair including chair controls according to a preferred embodiment of the present invention;

Figure 2 is a further perspective view showing the connection of the chair controls to the chair control directory according to a preferred embodiment of the present invention;

Figure 3 is a perspective view of a chair having chair controls with switches which produce feedback at a remote instruction directory according to a further preferred embodiment of the present invention;

Figure 4 is a perspective view of a chair with a switch control directory according to yet a further preferred embodiment of the invention;

Figure 5 shows in perspective the controls and directory from the chair of Figure 4; and

Figure 6 shows the chair of Figure 4 when used with a further directory according to still another

preferred embodiment of the invention.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION ACCORDING TO THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENTS OF THE PRESENT INVENTION IN WHICH:

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Figure 1 shows a chair (excluding the chair base) generally indicated at 1. This chair has a chair back 3, a chair seat 5 and an armrest 7. Provided below the chair seat 5 is a group 9 of controls including individual controls 11, 13 and 15. These controls are used to provide various different settings for the chair back 3 and the chair back 5 each of which is adjustable in position on the chair. Obviously more controls can be provided for additional chair adjustments.

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As will be appreciated from Figure 1 or as will be understood by anyone who has used an office chair with controls below the chair seat, these controls are not easily seen by a person sitting in the chair. They are however easily reachable by a person sitting in the chair.

Referring now to Figure 2 it will be seen that the controls 11, 13 and 15 include switches 12, 14 and 16 respectively. The armrest 7 includes a main body part 21 fixed atop the armrest support and a top part 23 which can be flipped open to expose a directory generally indicated at 25. This directory includes operating instructions for the chair controls 11, 13 and 15. The operating instructions indicate to a user of the chair which chair part will be moved by which control and how the various different chair parts can be moved by the various different controls.

More specifically, directory 25 includes individual operating instructions 29, 33 and 37.

Provided beside operating instructions 29 is an LED 27 with LEDs 31 and 35 being provided beside operating instructions 33 and 37 respectively.

Switch 12 provided in the handle of control 11 is electrically connected to LED 27. The switches 14 and 16 provided in the handles of controls 13 and 15 are electrically connected to LEDs 31 and 35.

10 In order to operate the chair system shown in Figures 1 and 2 a person sitting in the chair will simply reach down and press the switch on any one of the controls which has been selected for use. Note that the pressing of the switch does not cause activation of the 15 control but rather will simply light the appropriate LED. For example, if a person decides that he or she wants to know information with respect to the operation of control 11 the pressing of switch 12 will activate LED 27 alerting the person to review instructions 29 relative to 20 control 11. The person will then understand the functions of the control and the associated chair part without actually moving the control.

The same situation applies to controls 13 and 15

where a person sitting in the chair will press on the switches 14 and 16 to operate LEDs 31 and 35 respectively. When LED 31 is activated the person will then read instructions 33 specific to control 13 whereas when LED 35 is activated the person will read the instructions specific to control 15. In neither case will the person have to actually operate the control in order to understand how the controls work.

When the chair is being used without having to change any of the moving part settings on the chair the flip top 23 of the armrest is simply dropped to a

covering position over the directory within the main armrest part 21. This allows the armrest to operate in its normal function.

Although Figure 2 shows the switches as being wired to the directory, wireless connections for remote control of the directory from the switches can also be provided as seen in Figure 3. In addition, the directory itself need not be provided in the armrest of the chair so long as it is located in a location that is more visibly accessible than the actual controls to a person sitting in the chair. An example of this type of setup is also shown in Figure 3 of the drawings.

1 with its group of controls 11, 13 and 15. In addition to or in lieu of the directory being provided in the armrest 7 of the chair, the chair is in electrical communication with a data storage system including a storage unit 40 and a display unit 41 having a screen 43. The switches on the chair are linked to storage unit 40. As shown in Figure 3 it is preferably a wireless link or connection between the switches and the storage unit.

By pressing any one of the switches an airborne signal is sent from the activated switch to the storage unit. The storage unit then produces information with respect to the particular control that has been selected as per the switch activation. This information which relates to how the control works for controlling one of the chair parts is then displayed on screen 43 of display unit 41.

Figures 4 and 5 of the drawings show another

unique embodiment of the invention. In this embodiment
the feedback from operation of the control switches is an

audible feedback. In particular, office chair 59 includes chair movement controls 61, 63 and 65. These controls include pressure switches 67, 69 and 41. The switches also include speakers 73, 75 and 77 connected to voice chips contained within the paddle controls. The voice chips are activated by pressing on the control switches. Each voice chip will contain a specific instruction pertinent to the particular control in which the voice chip is contained.

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Chair 59 includes an armrest 81. Provided interiorly of armrest 81 are three sets of instructions 83,85 and 87. Letters A, B and C designated by arrows 91, 93 and 95 are located adjacent the separate sets of instructions.

A person sitting in chair 59 will press switch 67 on switch 61. He or she will then hear the instruction "A" and look to the directory in the armrest for the set of instructions 83 designated by letter A. This set of instructions will then give the person information as to what chair part will be moved, and as to how it will be moved by operating control 61.

To understand how controls 63 and 65 operate the person will push switches 69 and 71 respectively. That person will then hear instructions "B" and "C" and look to the directory in the armrest to review the written instructions 85 and 87.

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Figure 6 of the drawings shows a further set up for use with a chair having moveable parts with controls having switches to guide the user as to how to use the controls. This set up once again includes chair 59 having controls 61, 63 and 65. These controls with their switches operate in the same manner as described above to

produce an audible instruction "A", "B", or "C". However, rather than looking to the chair armrest for the visual or reading instruction for use of the controls, the instructions appear at 53 on the screen 43 of display monitor 41. All of the sets of instructions will be seen at one time on the display screen and the person in the chair will know which set of instructions is to be read by the reference letters "A", "B" and "C" appearing beside the instructions.

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As a further feature of the invention a separate instruction booklet 101 is provided with the chair to be used as a remote visual guide in lieu of the display monitor. This booklet also contains the separate sets of instructions for the chair controls designated by the reference letters "A", "B" and "C".

Although various preferred embodiments of the present invention have been described in detail, it will be appreciated by those skilled in the art that variations may be made without departing from the spirit of the invention or the scope of the appended claims.